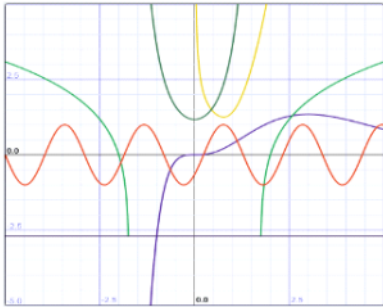


Lesson 11 Test Review

Date:

Chapter 4: Linear and Quadratic Functions:



Lesson 11:

Review for Test

Find the rule of each of the following quadratic functions

1.

X	Y
5	11
6	5
7	3
8	5

2.

X	Y
-4	0
-3	12
-2	18
0	12
1	0

3.

X	Y
0	5.5
1	3
2	1.5
3	1
4	1.5
5	3
6	5.5

-1
+1

justify the vertex

Be careful
* do not assume a vertex too quickly

Determine the solution set of the following inequalities

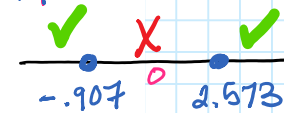
1. $3x^2 - 5x + 7 \geq 14$

2. $2x(x-3) < 20$

3. $-3x(x+4) + 7 \geq 16$

1) $3x^2 - 5x + 7 - 14 = 0$
 $3x^2 - 5x - 7 = 0$

$x_1 = -0.907$ $x_2 = 2.573$



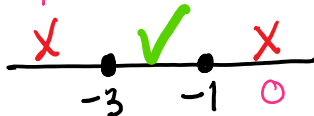
test 0 $3(0)^2 - 5(0) + 7 \geq 14$
 $0 - 0 + 7 \geq 14$
 $7 \geq 14$ FALSE X

$x \in -\infty, -0.907] \cup [2.573, \infty$

3) $-3x^2 - 12x + 7 - 16 = 0$

$-3x^2 - 12x - 9 = 0$

$x_1 = -3$ $x_2 = -1$



test 0

2) $2x^2 - 6x - 20 = 0$

$x^2 - 3x - 10 = 0$

$(x-5)(x+2) = 0$

$x-5=0$ | $x+2=0$
 $x=5$ | $x=-2$

test 0

$$-3(0)(0+4)+7 \geq 16$$

$$0+7 \geq 16$$

False $7 \geq 16$ X

$$x \in [-3, -1]$$

$(x-5)(x+2) < 20$

$$x-5=0 \quad | \quad x+2=0$$

$$x_1=5 \quad | \quad x_2=-2$$

test 0

$$2(0)(0-3) < 20$$

$$\checkmark 0 < 20 \text{ TRUE}$$

$$x \in]-2, 5[$$

Do studies of the following functions

(domain, range, interval of in/decrease, zeros, y intercept, etc)

$$g(x) = (3x-12)(-x+6)$$

domain: \mathbb{R}

range: $-\infty, 3]$

zeros: $\{4, 6\}$

y-int: -72

variation: $\nearrow -\infty, 5]$
 $\searrow [5, -\infty$

positive: $[4, 6]$

negative: $-\infty, 4] \cup [6, \infty$

extrema: max 3

WORKSHOP



$$g(x) = (3x-12)(-x+6)$$

$$= 3(x-4)(-1)(x-6)$$

$$= -3(x-4)(x-6)$$

$$h = \frac{4+6}{2} = \frac{10}{2} = 5$$

$$k = (3(5)-12)(-(5)+6)$$

$$= (15-12)(1)$$

$$= 3$$

$$g(x) = -3(x-5)^2 + 3$$

$$f(x) = -3x(x-2)$$

domain: \mathbb{R}

range: $-\infty, 3]$

zeros: $\{0, 2\}$

y-int: 0

variation $\nearrow -\infty, 1]$
 $\searrow [1, \infty$

positive: $[0, 2]$

negative: $-\infty, 0] \cup [2, \infty$

extrema: max 3

WORKSHOP



$$f(x) = -3x^2 + 6x$$

$$= -3(x-0)(x-2)$$

$$h = \frac{0+2}{2} = 1$$

$$k = -3(1)^2 + 6(1) = 3$$

$$f(x) = -3(x-1)^2 + 3$$

$$y\text{-int} = 0$$

$$g(x) = -3(x-5)^2 + 3$$

✓

$$y\text{-int} = (-3)(-4)(-6)$$